



Utilising MSRG data/evaluations
for workforce development and
integrated personalised care.



How does this fit?

Why as a cancer alliance, are we working so closely with the MSRG?

The need to drive service delivery which is embedded in an evidence base.

Improving access to CNS'
and key workers.

- Patient engagement
- Workforce modelling and clarity
- CSU - business case



Clinical Nurse Specialist

Cancer Support Worker



Specialist site-specific knowledge
Complex psycho-social care of patient
Treatment—including multimodality, genomics, immunotherapy, personalised medicine
Investigations/ tests/ specific specialist knowledge relating to the pathway from diagnosis to discharge
Assessment of complex specialist need
Complex pathway management across boundaries and organisations
Supporting complex treatment decisions
Symptom and toxicity management
Identification and management consequences of treatment
Research, Education, Service development, Audit
Clinical leadership

Assessment and screening
Collaborative care planning
Promoting supported self-management
Multi-agency | Multi-professional liaison
Provision of information resources (online/printed)
Referral to rehab services (e.g. Wesfit)

Interventions to support behaviour change including: Health coaching, Goal setting, MECC+
Identification and building links with local support services and agencies. Care navigation, signposting and referral to agencies
Health and wellbeing advice:
Healthy eating
Exercise/physical activity
Stress management
Emotional wellbeing
(including: signposting to “stop smoking”/ alcohol support services gyms/complementary therapists/befriending services/support groups)
Practical support re: finance/benefits/travel insurance, transport, housing
Carer support
My Medical Record

Cancer Nursing Across Boundaries.



Education strategy /
workforce planning

Relationships / links with
continuity of care

Right by you – building on integration.



- Single point of access / care planning –in collaboration with multiple numbers of and professional teams.
- Not just about the individual and their cancer diagnosis.
- Support closer to home.
- Recognising the generalist / specialist nature of supportive care.
- Informing Cancer Care Reviews.
- Evidence base for the work.
- Strong PPI
- Accessing hard to reach communities.

Patient activation.

- CREW study / HORIZONS data
- Expert advisory group
- Rapid review of interventions to support self management and gain insight into interventions from diagnosis.
- Literature review.
- Implementation
- Constituents of assessment



Moving forward...





- People have multiple and complex chronic conditions requiring a ‘whole’ person’ approach to care
- They need to be informed and engage in their own health and co-productive models of care
- Often faced with high levels of uncertainty and unpredictability about prognosis and outcomes
- Individuals will increasingly live with their cancer for longer periods of time, receiving multiple different cycles of treatment designed to ‘hold’ their cancer



WORKFORCE - planning

- What is needed?
- What do teams look like?
- Universal, targeted and specialised care.
- What are the skills and capabilities required in cancer teams and where?
- What is the reality for patients – especially in relation to the non-medical workforce?
- Primary, Secondary and community care?
- Advanced and/or advancing practice.
- What evidence do we have to support our strategy?





Thoughts?